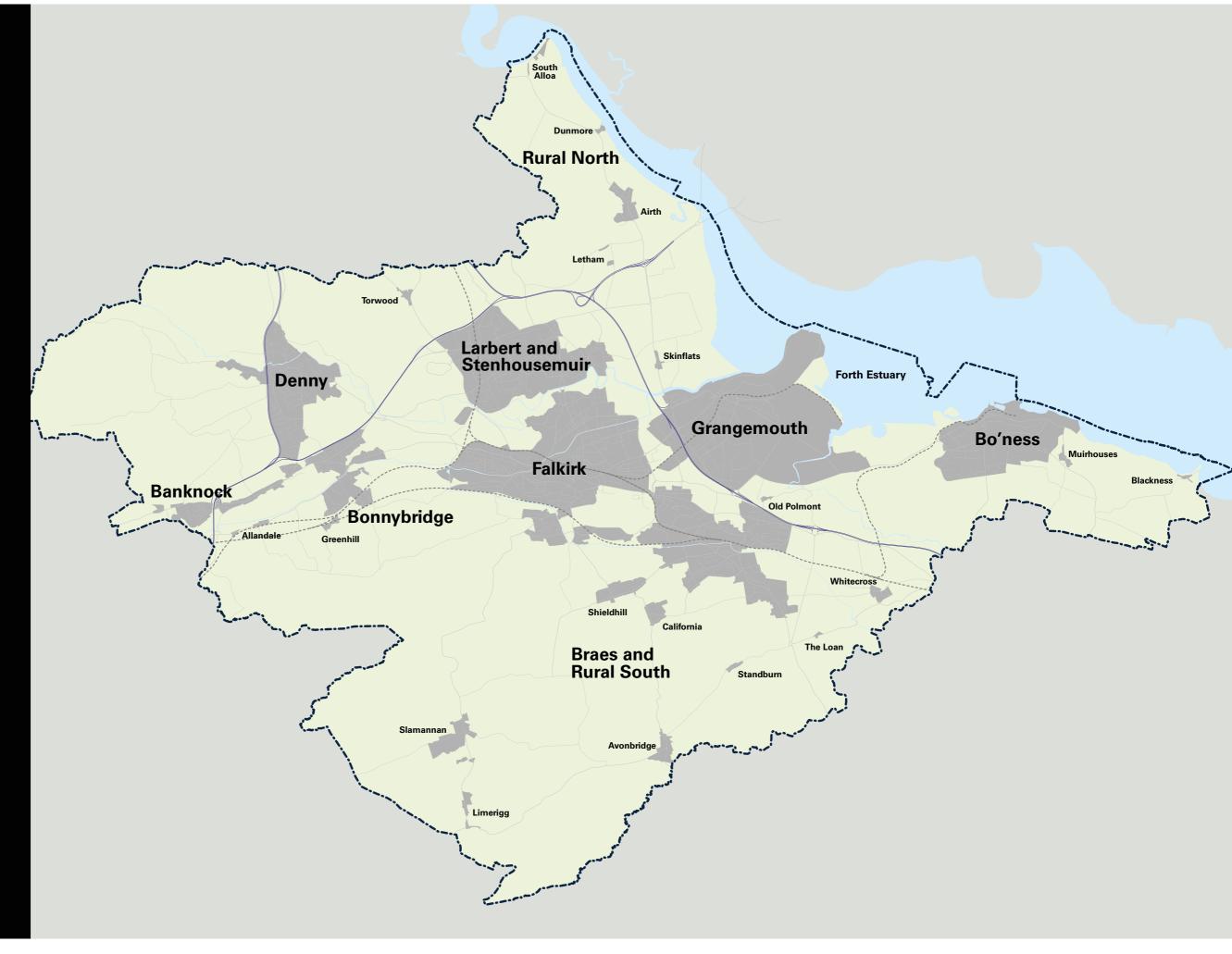


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Published March 2019



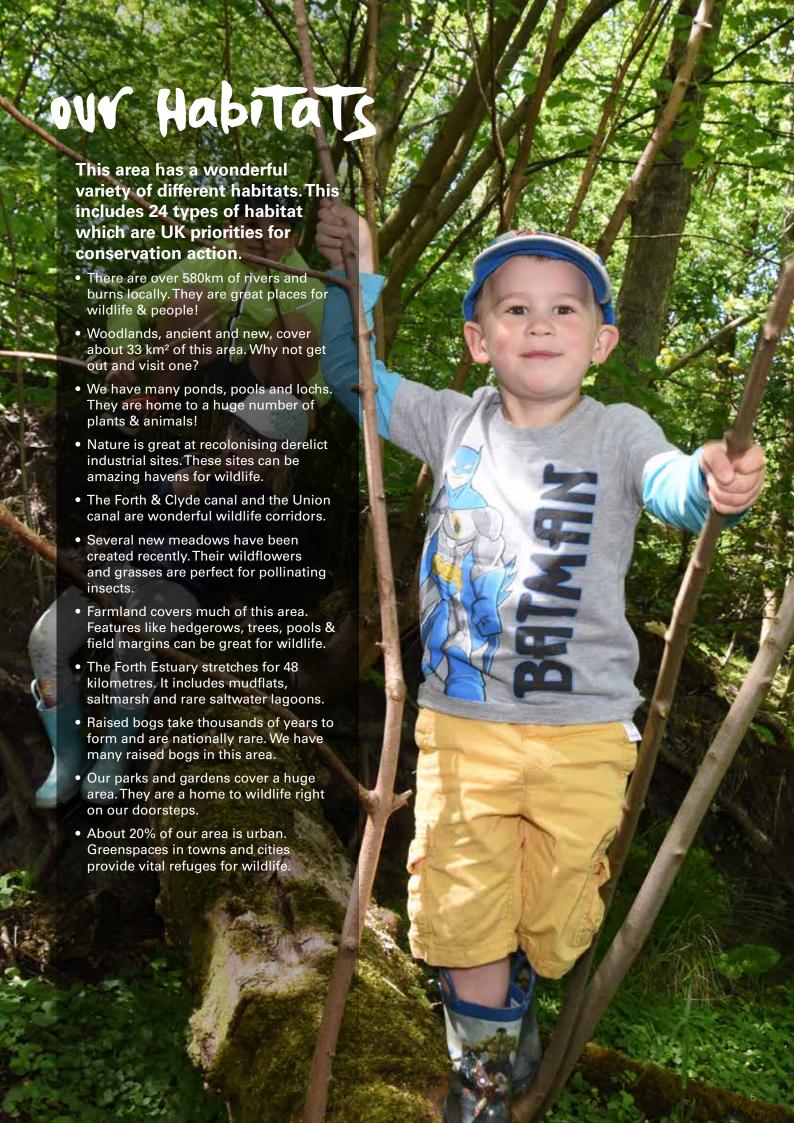
The Falkirk Council area is home to a rich variety of wildlife.

It has a fantastic array of habitats ranging from estuary to peat bog; from parks and gardens to ancient woodland.

Our many different habitats support thousands of different types of plants and animals, some of them nationally important or rare.

We also have some really special natural places where wildlife can thrive. Over one hundred local sites are protected because of their special importance for wildlife.

There are many accessible sites where you can discover and enjoy our fascinating local wildlife.



This area is home to many fascinating plants and animals. Some of them are nationally important or threatened. At least 45 of our plants and animals are UK priorities for conservation. A further 19 are Scottish priorities.

- Great crested newts are a European protected species. They thrive in several local ponds.
- Every year the Forth
 Estuary is home to
 thousands of wintering waders
 and wildfowl.
- The much loved bluebell brings spring colour to our woodlands.
- A unique group of orchids grows in this area. Only a handful of places in the country have similar ones.
- Specialist invertebrates, like the rare Hobo spider, love disturbed ground on old industrial sites.
- Salmon now live and breed in the River Carron and the River Avon.
- If you are lucky you might spot a lizard.
 Slow worms and adders also live here but are rarely seen.
- Our rivers and streams are home to otter families. In a few places water voles can also still be found.
- The round-leaved sundew grows on bogs. It doesn't get its food from the soil. Instead it catches bugs to eat!
- Over the last 10 years 38 young barn owls have fledged from nest boxes put up in this area.
- Insects like hoverflies and bees love wild flowers. They do a vital job pollinating crops.









We have a shared responsibility to look after our local wildlife for the good of current and future generations.

Everyone can play a part, including:

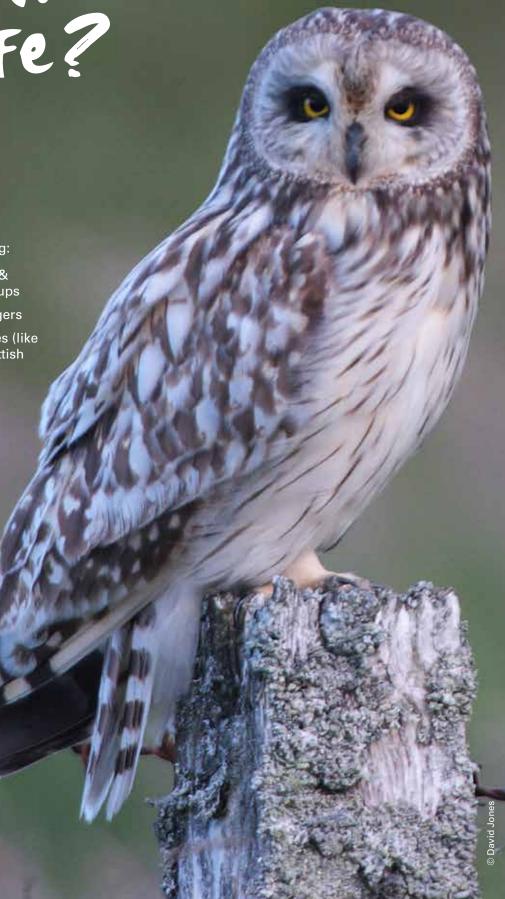
- Individuals
- Communities
- Falkirk Council
- Environmental organisations
- Landowners
- Wildlife experts
- Businesses

- Local clubs & interest groups
- Land managers
- Public bodies (like NHS or Scottish Canals)
- Schools and colleges

Over the past 17 years all these sorts of groups have helped to take action to protect and improve our local wildlife. This action plan will guide and encourage us all to keep working together, so that we can do more.

By law, public bodies like Falkirl Council have to look after our local wildlife. The 'Biodiversity Duty' places a legal duty on all public bodies to help conserve wildlife during their day to day work.

This plan is a vital way for the Council to make sure it is fulfilling its duty to protect and enhance our local wildlife. It is linked to other strategies and initiatives which also help to look after our environment. These include the: Falkirk Greenspace Strategy, Local Development Plan, Food Growing Strategy and Central Scotland Green Network.



what do we want to achieve?

By 2040 ...

Respecting, enjoying and looking after our wildlife is second nature to everyone.

So that:

- We all consider our impact on wildlife and look for opportunities to help wildlife as part of every job, project or activity we do.
- We have a rich variety of local wildlife which is healthy, robust and thriving.
- Our natural habitats are home to the full range of plants and animals we would expect to live there.
- Our natural habitats connect up to form an extensive habitat network for wildlife to live in and move through.
- We, and future generations, are able to enjoy and benefit from the many vital services and resources our local wildlife can deliver.
- Local organisations, groups and individuals are encouraged and supported to look after and improve their local wildlife.

This plan helps to focus our action where it is most needed. It aims to ensure that we use our time, money and enthusiasm to get the best results for local wildlife. It will also make sure that we concentrate on helping the wildlife that needs action most urgently.

We have already identified 20 local priority habitats and 102 local priority species. These are the habitats and species that we should focus on. Lists of these habitats and species can be found on pages 65 and 66.

The Scottish Biodiversity Route Map 2020 identifies six big steps to improve the state of nature in Scotland. This action plan contributes to a number of these including:

- Ecosystem restoration
- Quality greenspace for health and education benefits
- Conserving wildlife in Scotland to secure the future of priority habitats and species;
- Sustainable management of land and freshwater
- Sustainable management of marine and coastal ecosystems

The Convention on Biological Diversity set 20 global targets, known as the Aichi Targets in October 2010, to be met by 2020. This action plan contributes to a number of these international targets, including:

- Awareness increased
- Biodiversity values integrated
- Sustainable consumption & production

- Habitat loss halved or reduced
- Pollution reduced
- Invasive species prevented and controlled
- Pressures on vulnerable ecosystems reduced
- Protected areas increased and improved
- Ecosystems & services safeguarded
- Ecosystems restored & resilience enhanced
- Knowledge improved, shared and applied



The following action plans detail projects which will benefit our local wildlife. They focus especially on work to help the habitats, plants and animals which we know are local priorities for action.

There are action plans covering the following themes:

- Estuary
- Farmland and grassland
- Heath and bog
- Water and wetland
- Woodland
- Urban
- Bean geese
- Connecting people and wildlife
- Invasive non-native species

The projects will be done by all sorts of different organisations, often working together. The action plans list some of the groups most likely to help get the work done. However, other groups and individuals are actively encouraged to join in.

Lots of other local projects are already happening to help wildlife. Other new projects (not included in these plans) may also happen. That's great! We will try to support and encourage any projects which help local wildlife.

This plan needs to be able to respond to new opportunities and challenges. Projects may be altered if needed and new projects might come forward. The action plans include some 'aspirational projects'. These are projects that it would be good to do if the resources and opportunities arise.

It is important that we check that these projects are being done and are benefiting our local wildlife. We will:

- Check annually that the projects in the action plans are being done.
- Encourage local wildlife recording, to help us measure how our plants, animals and habitats are doing.
- Review and update the action plans when necessary.



If you want to help us deliver some of the projects in the action plans please do get in touch.

There are also lots of other things you can do. Here are some ideas:

- Create areas for wildlife in your garden
- Help us record local wildlife
- Develop a space for wildlife in your local community, school or workplace
- Get involved in a local conservation group like the Falkirk Wildlife Volunteers Group
- Enjoy and look after your local green space.
- Get out and about to explore our local wildlife, and let us know what you find.

For more information about this plan or help to take action for local wildlife contact:

The Biodiversity Officer Falkirk Council Abbotsford House David's Loan Falkirk FK2 7YZ

E-mail: biodiversity@falkirk.gov.uk

Tel: 01324 504950

www.falkirk.gov.uk

For inspiration, advice and how to get involved:

Wildlife gardening and making a home for nature

Jupiter Urban Wildlife Centre, Grangemouth www.scottishwildlifetrust.org.uk

Royal Society for the Protection of Birds www.rspb.org.uk/get-involved/

Local wildlife and wild places to explore

Facebook - falkirkexplored

Wildlife walks & activities

Falkirk Council Outdoor Rangers rangers@falkirk.gov.uk Facebook - falkirkexplored

Falkirk Community Trust: www.falkirkcommunitytrust.org Facebook - FalkirkParks

Wildlife volunteering

Falkirk Wildlife Volunteer Group lesley.sweeney@falkirk.gov.uk

Falkirk Community Trust: www.falkirkcommunitytrust.org Facebook - FalkirkParks

Wildlife spotting and recording

The Wildlife Information Centre www.wildlifeinformation.co.uk

Plantlife Scotland - Flora Guardians www.plantlife.org.uk/scotland

Plantlife Scotland Great British Wildflower Hunt www.plantlife.org.uk/wildflowerhunt

RSPB Big Garden Bird Watch www.rspb.org.uk

Invertebrates

www.buglife.org.uk

www.butterfly-conservation.org

Amphibians and reptiles

www.froglife.org

www.rspb.org.uk





The Forth Estuary is one of the major estuaries of the British coastline. It stretches for approximately 48km from just above Stirling to the Forth Road Bridge. Estuary habitats include saltmarsh, saltwater lagoons, and mudflats. They support a vast range of different plants and animals, many of them uniquely adapted to estuary life.

The Forth Estuary is home to thousands of waders and wildfowl. In winter there are internationally and nationally important flocks of birds such as pink-footed geese, knot, dunlins, and shelducks. The Forth Estuary is a designated Special Protection Area because of these wintering birds. The millions of invertebrates found in the estuary mud provide food for birds as well as for other aquatic animals.

The estuary provides nursery grounds for fish and is home to marine mammals like seals and porpoises.

The estuary experiences a lot of human activity. As well as high levels of industrial activity there is also a lot of fishing and recreational use. These human pressures can have a significant impact on the ecological health of the estuary.

The conservation of our estuaries A study suggests that these is further complicated by the impacts of climate change and sea level rise. It is important that our estuary wildlife is able to adapt to these changes.

Estuary habitats provide many ecosystem services, like absorbing flood waters. The Inner Forth Landscape Initiative recently completed about 50 projects around the Forth.

projects have the potential to deliver ecosystem services with a potential economic value of over £11.2 million.



Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to protect and improve the wildlife of the Forth Estuary. These include:

- Enhancement projects at Kinneil Foreshore, Bothkennar and Kinneil lagoon.
- Several other Inner Forth Landscape Initiative projects.
- A detailed bird survey and assessment of disturbance factors on the Forth Estuary from Dunmore to Blackness.
- Enhancement and management work at RSPB's Skinflats Reserve.
- Ongoing legal protection of the Firth of Forth Special Protection Area.
- Beach cleans by community and school groups.

What we need to do next

- **1** Agree and implement a long term management plan for Kinneil Lagoons.
- **2** Ensure restoration of Kinneil Landfill includes wildlife benefits.
- 3 Undertake further green network enhancement & management around the harbour area at Bo'ness and Grangepans (linking to Bridgeness and Kinneil Foreshore).
- 4 Deliver environmental enhancements as part of the Grangemouth flood prevention scheme, potentially including compensatory habitat for SPA species.
- **5** Produce and implement a management plan for Bothkennar Pools Site of Special Scientific Interest.
- **6** Do at least one beach clean / litter pick per year.
- 7 Deliver appropriate management and enhancement of the island and shoreline at Kinneil Foreshore Local Nature Reserve.

- 8 Monitor the use of the tern rafts at Bothkennar, doing maintenance as necessary and assessing the need for additional rafts if the original ones are used.
- **9** Take opportunities to raise awareness of the Firth of Forth Special Protection Area amongst local communities, landowners and businesses; highlighting its positive benefits as well as the protection it has.
- 10 Promote responsible recreation and dog walking along the foreshore, to minimise disturbance to the SPA bird species.
- 11 Ensure bird data gathered for the Grangemouth Flood Protection Scheme is made available for use by others.
- **12** Support the development and implementation of the Inner Forth Futures Project.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- **1** Promote biological recording at important estuary sites.
- 2 Monitor invasive species in estuarine habitats and take action to control them.
- **3** Promote monitoring of nurdles (and other plastics) along the shoreline, with associated awareness raising campaigns and litter picks.
- 4 Reduce the use of disposable/ one-use plastics within Falkirk Council and other partner organisations, to help combat marine pollution by plastics.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Falkirk Council

Forth Estuary Forum

Friends of Kinneil (Kinneil Foreshore Management Group)

Inner Forth Futures Partnership

Royal Society for the Protection of Birds

Scottish Natural Heritage

Volunteer biological recorders

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

Priority estuary species, habitats and sites

Priority Species

Birds

Black-tailed godwit

Common Tern

Dunlin

Golden plover

Great crested grebe

Greylag goose

Knot

Pink-footed goose

Pintail

Red-breasted meganser

Redshank

Shelduck

Teal

Fish

Atlantic salmon

European eel

River lamprey

Sea trout

Sparling

Twaite shad

Priority Habitats

Estuary

Intertidal mudflats

Saline lagoons

Saltmarsh

Important Sites

Skinflats Reserve Bothkennar (aka Skinflats)

Kinneil Kerse

Kinneil Foreshore

Blackness Bay

Farmland and grassland

This area's countryside is dominated by farmland. Grassland and farm crops cover over 17,000 hectares. That is about 61% of the whole Falkirk Council area. Farming has a big impact on how the landscape looks and the wildlife it supports.

Farms often include features such as crops, set-aside, grassland, hedgerows, trees, dykes, ditches and field margins. They may also have areas of natural habitat like heath, rough grassland, woodland and wetland. All these can be good for wildlife, if managed appropriately. They provide food, shelter and breeding areas as well as corridors to help wildlife to move around the countryside. This is especially important where intensive farming makes the cropped area of fields less hospitable. Farm wetlands can also have major benefits for flood alleviation.

Our agricultural landscape is, to a large extent, a manmade environment. Continued management is essential to maintain many of the features and habitats that are valuable to wildlife. Agri-environment payment schemes have a big influence on how we deliver wildlife conservation on farmland.

This area also has 950 hectares of amenity grassland and further small pockets of unimproved or semi-improved grassland in urban areas. These include a number of recently created wildflower meadows.

Pollinating insects are critical to our food and farming industries, as well as our natural environment. In Scotland the value of pollinators for agricultural and horticultural crops is around £43million each



Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to protect and improve our farmland and grassland wildlife. These include:

- A barn owl nest box project
- An integrated habitat network study
- Management and enhancement of grassland at 8 Wildlife Sites, Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation and Local Nature Reserves
- A "Save the Wee Bees" campaign
- Meadow creation and management at 10 sites
- 'Pollinator Parks' and 'John Muir Pollinator Way' projects
- A tree sparrow nest box and feeding project

What we need to do next

- 1 Continue the Barn owl nest box project relocating unused boxes and doing habitat enhancement at box sites.
- 2 Review Falkirk Council's openspace maintenance regimes. Work with Falkirk Council to establish a range of grass cutting options (including some of increased benefit to wildlife) - supported by appropriate machinery, training and awareness raising.
- 3 Carry out appropriate grassland management at all council owned Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation and Wildlife Sites.
- 4 Continue the Falkirk pollinator project (creating or enhancing several pollinator parks, John Muir pollinator way sites, or other sites for pollinators annually).
- **5** Promote the creation of pollinator habitat through awareness raising and training activities associated with the pollinator project.

- **6** Tree sparrow project work to restore the number of tree sparrows using the Bo'mains site, including nest box cleaning and habitat improvement.
- **7** Kestrel nest box project erect kestrel nest boxes alongside existing roost boxes and monitor their use.
- 8 Management and monitoring of the butterfly orchid site and meadow at Muiravonside Country Park.
- **9** A hedgerow project establishing species-rich native hedges where they can provide habitat corridors between existing sites of value for wildlife.
- **10** Continue the enhancement of Policy Bing, Lionthorn to deliver benefits for wildlife and local people.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Farm ponds & wetlands project -creating a network of farmland ponds and wetlands.
- **2** A pilot project to safeguard and enhance wildlife road verges, including provision of advice on road verge management to benefit wildlife.
- **3** Monitor, influence and promote agri-environment schemes where possible.
- 4 Identify previously recorded Whorled caraway, Annual knawel, Purple ramping-fumitory and Moonwort sites and survey to see if the plants are still present.
- **5** Promote work on golf courses to benefit wildlife.
- **6** Review the condition of noncouncil owned grassland SINCs and Wildlife Sites and promote beneficial management where possible.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Buglife

Callendar Estates

Central Scotland Green Network Trust

Falkirk Community Trust

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group

Falkirk Council

Individual farmers/landowners

Scotland's Rural College

Inner Forth Futures Partnership

Scottish Wildlife Trust

Royal Society for the Protection of Birds

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

Priority farmland and grassland species, habitats and sites

Priority Species

Mammals Brown hare

Birds

Barn owl Bean goose

Curlew Grasshopper warbler

Grey partridge

Kestrel Lapwing

Linnet

Skylark

Snipe Swallow

Tree sparrow

Yellowhammer Smooth cats ear

Whorled caraway

Purple ramping-

Invertebrates

Swordgrass moth

Annual knawel

Field scabious

Greater butterfly

Lesser butterfly

Common blue butterfly

Plants

orchid

orchid

Moonwort

fumitory

Ox-eye daisy

Harebell

Priority Habitats

Arable

Neutral grassland

Lowland dry acidic grassland

Boundary features

Important Sites

The low lying carse-land in the northeast and east and the Avon valley are the main arable farming areas.

Farmland to the west and south is dominated by grassland.

Meadow sites include:

Bonnyfield nature park

Grangepans

Kinneil Foreshore

Camelon public park

Policy bing





Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to protect and improve our heath and bog wildlife. These include:

- A survey for the large heath butterfly (which also identified Small pearl-bordered fritillaries and Green hairstreaks).
- Management of Darnrig Moss SSSI and Howierig Muir SSSI
- Start of the Falkirk Bog Restoration Project
- Review of bog and heath Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation.
- Vegetation, protected species and peat depth surveys on many of our raised bogs.
- Development of planning policies to protect carbon rich soils such as peat.

What we need to do next

- 1 Falkirk Bog Restoration Project implement practical restoration on at least 10 sites.
- **2** Encourage or put in place appropriate management of Wildlife Sites and SINCs that support heath habitat.
- **3** Provide advice to landowners of heath and bog sites (covering both habitat and species management).
- **4** Undertake a Large Heath butterfly survey at suitable sites.
- **5** Quantify current peat use by Falkirk Council and, if necessary, work to stop the purchase of peat or products made/grown using peat.
- **6** Maintain the protection of peat habitats through the planning process.
- **7** Survey or resurvey known or possible small pearl-bordered fritillary sites.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Monitor the use of Letham moss and Gardrum Moss to identify opportunities for restoration and enhancement if possible.
- **2** Carry out reptile surveys at appropriate bog and heath sites, and identify any actions needed to protect or benefit reptiles.
- **3** Explore potential for enhancement at Dunmore Moss by trying to make contact with the landowner.
- **4** Extend the action to cease peat use to other partner organisations, as appropriate.
- **5** Establish the historical location(s) of Lepidozia pearsonii and survey to determine if it is still present.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Buglife

Butterfly Conservation

Callendar Estates

Central Scotland Green Network Trust

Falkirk Council

Froglife

Landowners

Royal Society for the Protection of Birds

Scottish Natural Heritage

Scottish Wildlife Trust

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

Priority heath and bog species, habitats and sites

Priority Species

Birds

Black grouse

Curlew

Grasshopper warbler

Hen harrier

Merlin

Short-eared owl

Snipe

Twite

Reptiles

Adder

Common lizard

Slow worm

Invertebrates

Green hairstreak Large heath

Plants

Round-leaved sundew

Liverwort (Lepidozia pearsonii).

Priority Habitats

Heath

Lowland raised and intermediate bog

Important Sites

Barleyside

Black Loch Moss SSSI and SAC

Darnrig Moss SSSI

Howierig Muir SSSI

Newcraig Moss

Easter Greenrig

Grangeneuk

Garbethill Muir

Salterhill Moss

Shippytrouty





Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to protect and improve our water and wetland wildlife. These include:

- Communities Along The Carron Association projects on the River Carron.
- Surveys for water voles at several key sites.
- Surveys for aquatic invertebrates (including mud snails).
- Pond creation and enhancement for Great crested newts.
- Installation of a fish pass and fish counter at Fankerton Weir.
- Work to enhance the upper reaches of the River Avon.
- Installation of dipper boxes on the Bonny Water.
- Habitat enhancement and management at Carron Dams Site of Special Scientific Interest and Local Nature Reserve.
- Riverfly Identification workshops
- · Work to control invasive, nonnative species along our rivers.

What we need to do next

- 1 Carry out a 'health check' survey of the River Carron, identifying further conservation and enhancement projects for the
- 2 Develop a project to engage local people in mapping, surveying, creating, enhancing and looking after ponds for wildlife.
- 3 Enhance the Culloch Burn at the Rumlie, Slamannan.
- 4 Deliver environmental enhancements as part of the Grangemouth flood prevention scheme.
- 5 Undertake the Upper Avon **Enhancement Project to enhance** the upper reaches of the River Avon - aiming to improve its current 'bad' classification.
- 6 Protect and monitor known great crested newt sites.
- 7 Identify sites for pond creation and enhancement to link existing great crested newt sites. Create at least one new pond.
- 8 Enhance the Carron Lade, creating areas of open water.
- 9 Continue habitat management and community engagement at Carron Dams Local Nature Reserve.

- 10 Deliver a Mud Snail Project (focused on the known site in the Falkirk area) to protect the site, create suitable habitat nearby, breed & release mud snails, and raise awareness of the species.
- 11 Survey areas of suitable water vole habitat close to known or suspected water vole sites. Assess the need for habitat enhancement and mink control where water voles are found.
- 12 Continue the 'Fish in the Classroom' project.
- 13 Create and maintain a sand martin bank at Avonglen Quarry and encourage maintenance of the nest sites at Avondale.
- 14 Ensure the creation of new riparian parkland in association with development at Banknock South, Gilston & Cauldhame Farm.
- **15** Encourage river restoration and opportunities to open up culverted watercourses through the Development Management process.
- 16 Promote well designed SUDs features in new developments to benefit wildlife.

Note: actions relating to invasive non-native species that affect water and wetland sites are included in the Invasive, non-native species action plan.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Riparian tree planting project (identify opportunities for riparian tree planting and implement tree planting projects).
- 2 Explore natural flood management opportunities.
- 3 Identify any particularly poor quality burns (especially within the urban area) and develop enhancement projects.
- 4 Develop a project to dechannelise the Culloch Burn through Slamannan, delivering channel enhancement and natural flood management benefits.
- 5 Do a de-culverting project, should an appropriate opportunity arise. Use this as a demonstration site to promote other local de-culverting projects.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Angling Clubs

Buglife

Communities Along The Carron Association

Falkirk Council

Central Scotland Green Network Trust

Froglife

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group

Scottish Canals

River Avon Federation

Scottish Natural Heritage

Forth Rivers Trust

Scottish Wildlife Trust

Slamannan Anglers Protective Association

Housebuilders

Scottish Environment Protection Agency

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

Priority water and wetland species, habitats and sites

European eel

River lamprey

Invertebrates

glabra)

Plants

crowfoot

Pillwort

Ragged robin

Tufted loosestrife

Sea/brown trout

Mud snail (omphiscola

Bennett's pondweed

Grass of Parnassus

lvy-leaved water

Priority Species

Mammals Atlantic salmon **Brook lamprey**

Otter

Water vole

Birds

Dipper

Kingfisher

Reed bunting Sand martin

Sedge warbler

Teal Water rail

Fish & amphibians

Common frog

Common toad Great crested newt

Palmate newt

Smooth newt

Priority Habitats

Fen, marsh and swamp Standing open water

Canals

Rivers and streams

Important Sites

Carron Dams SSSI

Black Loch

Loch Ellrig

St Helen's Loch

Forth & Clyde Canal **Union Canal**

River Carron

River Avon

Castlerankine Burn

Avon Burn

Bonny Water

Little Denny Burn

Red Burn

Bonny Burn





Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to protect and improve our woodland wildlife. These include:

- New woodland creation.
- Management of Scottish Wildlife Trust woodland reserves at Carron Glen and Wallacebank Woods.
- Use of woods by schools as outdoor classrooms.
- A Phase I survey and Integrated Habitat Network study
- Enhancement of Polmont woods and other woodland Wildlife Sites.
- Enhancement of Larbert Hospital wood and its use as an outdoor classroom.
- Production of a Forestry and Woodland Strategy
- Appointment of an officer to look at management of the Council's woodlands.
- Designation of several additional woodland Wildlife Sites.

What we need to do next

- 1 Enhance existing woodlands to improve their value for wildlife - focusing on council owned woodlands, community woodlands and Wildlife Sites.
- 2 A pine marten project surveying and monitoring populations, engaging with landowners and providing suitable habitat and den areas.
- **3** Provide guidance to owners of woodland Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation, about enhancing woodlands for wildlife.
- 4 Produce a long term plan for the Council's woodland estate, ensuring that the programme of management and woodland expansion includes measures to benefit wildlife.
- **5** Plant native bluebells at a minimum of 10 suitable woodland locations (ensuring that no Spanish or hybrid bluebells are also present).

- **6** Survey or resurvey known or possible small pearl-bordered fritillary sites.
- **7** Use the integrated habitat network study to identify key areas for woodland management and expansion.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Veteran trees project: Identification of our most valued veteran trees. Followed by wildlife surveys of the trees and planting of 'veteran trees of the future' nearby.
- 2 Try to identify the historical location(s) of plagiochilia spinulosa and hay-scented buckler fern and survey to see if they are still present.
- **3** Carry out bat box schemes at at least 5 suitable sites (including provision of materials and support for community groups to make and erect boxes).

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Butterfly Conservation

Callendar Estates

Central Scotland Green Network Trust

Forestry Commission Scotland

Falkirk Community Trust

Falkirk Council

Landowners

Scottish Natural Heritage

Scottish Wildlife Trust

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

Priority woodland species, habitats and sites

Priority Species

Mammals

Badger

Brown long-eared bat

Pine Marten

Soprano pipestrelle

Birds

Bullfinch

Cuckoo

Green woodpecker

Redpoll

Song thrush

Spotted flycatcher

Tree pipit

Wood warbler

Woodcock

Invertebrates

Small pearl-bordered fritillary

Plants

Wych elm

Hay-scented buckler fern

Bluebell

Plagiochilia spinulosa (liverwort)

Priority Habitats

Broadleaved and mixed woodland Lowland wood pastures and parkland

Important Sites

Carron Glen SSSI

Avon Gorge SSSI

20 Wildlife Sites

11 Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation





Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to protect and improve our urban wildlife. These include:

- Making 'Pollinator Parks' with new meadows and other planting.
- Managing our unique helleborine orchid population.
- Managing Local Nature Reserves at Bonnyfield, Carron Dams and Kinneil Foreshore.
- Publishing Biodiversity and Development Supplementary Planning Guidance.
- Protecting our locally designated Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation.
- Protecting and improving our most important brownfield sites.
- Creating two green roofs in the Grangemouth area.
- Planting nectar-rich flowers on some roundabouts.
- Identifying semi-natural areas in the Open Space Strategy.
- Creating wildlife gardens and orchards in schools.

What we need to do next

- 1 Help schools to enhance their orchards and growing spaces for wildlife.
- **2** Promote wildlife enhancements at community growing sites.
- **3** Assess wildlife enhancement opportunities at council managed cemeteries and graveyards implement a wildlife project at at least one site.
- **4** Continue to manage and enhance all brownfield Wildlife Sites and Garibaldi Bing.
- **5** Create and maintain a sand martin bank at Avonglen Quarry and encourage maintenance of the nest sites at Avondale.
- **6** Develop a project to promote wildlife gardening (making links to community growing, school gardens and existing wildlife gardening campaigns).
- **7** Monitor the helleborine orchids at Almond Bing and undertake management if required.
- **8** Create new 'Pollinator Parks' and 'John Muir Pollinator Way' sites, aiming to do at least two sites per year.
- **9** Continue to support the local management groups for the 3 Local Nature Reserves and promote enhancement projects at each site.

- 10 Promote appropriate management of urban Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation. Ensure all council owned sites are under appropriate management.
- 11 Provide appropriate training to planners and other council staff as required
- 12 Create a new semi natural area in Zetland Park and provide new semi natural parkland in Whitecross to meet deficiencies identified within the Open Space Strategy.
- 13 Promote high quality design and maintenance of openspace secured through development, to benefit wildlife. Including maximising native plant diversity in new planting schemes.
- **14** Renew and update relevant Local Development Plan polices and supplementary guidance to protect and benefit wildlife.
- **15** Prepare supplementary guidance on Green Infrastructure, promoting careful design and location to benefit wildlife.

Note: actions in several other action plans are also relevant to the urban area e.g. de-culverting water courses or pond projects.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Develop a House sparrow nest box project
- **2** Do a pilot project to manage road verges, roundabouts etc. to benefit wildlife.
- **3** Improve greenspace in housing association and council housing areas to benefit wildlife.
- **4** Provide a section in Council building maintenance manuals covering wildlife opportunities and protection.
- **5** Assess the potential for green roofs on council buildings as buildings come up for maintenance review.
- 6 Develop a Rain Gardens project.
- **7** Do surveys for swifts in known or suspected nesting areas and promote pubic reporting of sightings.
- **8** Promote work on golf courses to benefit wildlife.
- **9** Do bat box schemes at at least 5 suitable sites (including provision of materials and support for community groups to make and erect boxes).

Note: aspirational action on wildlife road verges in the Farmland and Grassland action plan is also relevant to the urban area.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Buglife

Central Scotland Green Network Trust

Jupiter Urban Wildlife Centre

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group

Falkirk Council

Forth Environment Link

LNR management groups

Plantlife Scotland

Scottish Wildlife Trust

The Conservation Volunteers Scotland

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

Priority urban species, habitats and sites

Priority Species

Brown long-eared

Mammals

Birds

bat Soprano pipistrelle

rano pipistrelle Invertebrates

Hedgehog Common blue butterfly

Bullfinch Green woodpecker

Green woodpecker Dune helleborine
House sparrow Field scabious

Plants

Bluebell

Amphibians

Common frog

Common toad

Kestrel Harebell
Sand martin Ox-eye daisy

Song thrush Wych elm
Starling Young's helleborine

Swallow Swift

Priority Habitats

Gardens

Urban greenspace

Urban wildlife corridors

Open mosaic habitat on previously developed ground (including bings). (Also known as Brownfield habitat)

Important Sites

Almond Bing

Bonnyfield Nature

Park

Bridgeness shipbreakers

Carron Dams Local Nature Reserve

Jupiter urban wildlife centre





Over the last ten years, considerable work has been done to protect our wintering bean geese. This includes:

- The Bean Goose Action Group, founded in the early 1990's, coordinates action to conserve the wintering flock of bean geese on the Slamannan Plateau.
- Designation of the Slamannan Plateau SSSI and SPA to protect the bean geese.
- Voluntary bean goose fieldworkers monitor the wintering bean goose flock annually.
- SNH has developed and promoted a Natural Care Scheme to encourage management of parts of the bean goose study area to benefit the bean goose flock. The management scheme is now under review.

- 18 geese have been fitted with GPS tracking devices and a further 22 have been ringed.
- A bean goose newsletter has been produced
- The bean goose website has been developed and holds a lot of information about the geese.
- The Local Development Plan, Supplementary Guidance and Planning applications are assessed for their potential impact on the bean goose flock.

What we need to do next

The full Bean Goose Action Plan includes many actions and can be viewed on the North Lanarkshire Council website. The main forthcoming actions include:

- 1 Continue the annual monitoring of the bean goose flock, including roost counts.
- 2 Continue the project to track the local and migratory movement of individual geese via GPS tagging.
- **3** Protect the bean goose flock from damaging development through the planning process.
- **4** Ensure that provision and promotion of countryside access does not cause disturbance to the bean goose flock.
- **5** Take opportunities to enhance bean goose habitat as part of raised bog restoration projects taking place on the Slamannan plateau.

- **6** Review the bean goose management scheme and promote a revised or new scheme as soon as possible.
- **7** Finalise a research and monitoring plan to prioritise research and monitoring needs and opportunities.
- 8 Highlight the work of the Bean Goose Action Group to similar groups and statutory nature conservation agencies within the bean goose range.
- **9** Develop contacts with universities, research units and other organisations/individuals with an interest in bean geese.
- **10** Develop an education programme with local primary schools.
- **11** Maintain, develop and manage the bean goose website.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Influence forthcoming agrienvironment schemes to try to ensure that they deliver beneficial outcomes for the bean goose flock and support landowners with fields used by the bean geese.
- 2 Secure funding for a research trip to the bean goose breeding grounds by one or more of the monitoring officer(s).

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Bean Goose Action Group

Falkirk Council

Forestry Commission

Landowners

North Lanarkshire Council

Royal Society of the Protection of Birds

Scotland's Rural College

Scottish Natural Heritage

Volunteers

Wildfowl and Wetlands Trust

...but other groups and individuals can also help.





Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to raise awareness and understanding of wildlife. Others have encouraged and supported people to get involved in wildlife conservation. These include:

- Organised wildlife walks, talks and activities
- Nature trails leaflet and other publications promoting the outdoors
- A regular 'Life' newsletter
- Wildlife recording events and training
- Schools projects such as the 'Where have you Bean Geese?' education programme
- Art and interpretation projects, including creation of metal entrance features at Carron Dams

- Ranger service events and activities
- Various campaigns and education projects from a range of organisations working locally
- Fish in the Classroom projects
- The work of the Jupiter Urban Widlife Centre in Grangemouth
- Schools orchards and wildlife gardens
- Specialist training sessions, for example for the Council's Development Services staff
- Webpages and facebook pages such as Fakirkexplored.

What we need to do next

- **1** Hold a Biodiversity Partnership event annually.
- 2 Help schools to enhance their orchards and growing spaces for wildlife.
- 3 Maps & Apps project use interactive mapping, social media and apps to help people discover local wildlife and wild places and to get involved with biological recording and volunteering.
- **4** Continue the 'Fish in the classroom' programme
- **5** Develop the Wildlife Camera Trap project to enable more groups to get involved in camera trapping in additional areas.
- **6** Encourage biological recording and citizen science promote one public recording initiative per year, with appropriate training and publicity. (Linked to other projects such as garden wildlife, ponds, swifts, bluebells etc.) .
- 7 Wildlife gardening promotion (with links to community growing)

- **8** Produce the 'Life' Newsletter annually
- **9** Support the Falkirk Wildlife Volunteer Group to provide volunteering opportunities and help deliver wildlife projects.
- **10** Pollinator patch project to encourage people to plant for pollinators.
- 11 Support re-establishment of the Buglife volunteer group for suitable sites.
- **12** Use the Falkirkexplored Facebook page to promote local wildlife and opportunities to get involved.
- **13** Provide training and awareness raising on wildlife issues to Council members and staff as required.
- 14 Promote relevant environmental education resources to schools and other local groups (e.g. the RSPB's Forth estuary resource boxes).
- 15 Develop an online volunteering hub to help people find local opportunities for environmental volunteering.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Promote outdoor/wild play and discovery, signposting a number of key wild play sites or opportunities and holding several wild play/discovery events. (Potentially focused along the John Muir Way.)
- **2** Develop a network of Outdoor Learning Sites around the Council area.
- **3** 'Summer of...' project: Promoting a different habitat or group of species each summer.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Angling clubs

Buglife

Communities Along The Carron Association

Central Scotland Green Network Trust

Falkirk Council

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group

Froglife

John Muir Trust

Forth Rivers Trust

Royal Society for the Protection of Birds

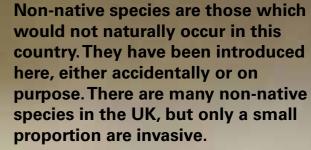
Scottish Wildlife Trust

The Conservation Volunteers (Scotland)

The Wildlife Information Centre

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

invasive non-native species



An invasive animal or plant has the ability to spread, causing damage to the environment, the economy, our health or the way we live. Invasive non-native species are estimated to cost Britain over £1.7 billion a year.

There are at least 18 invasive non-native species known or expected to occur in this area. Invasive non-native species which are currently causing particular problems locally include:

Japanese knotweed

Giant Hogweed

Himalayan Balsam

Rhododendron

Sea Buckthorn

Others may spread to the area or become more of a problem in the future.





Over the last ten years, many projects have helped to combat the impact of invasive, non-native species on our local wildlife. These include:

- Treating Japanese knotweed and giant hogweed along our river systems and on council owned ground.
- Establishing the Falkirk Invasive Species Forum to coordinate treatment of invasive, nonnative species and undertake education, training and awareness raising.
- A project to control mink on the River Avon.
- Himalayan balsam removal by volunteers at several sites.
- A leaflet to help people identify Japanese knotweed.
- Rhododendron control at several sites.
- Sea buckthorn control at Kinneil Foreshore.

What we need to do next

- 1 Continue Japanese Knotweed (and giant hogweed) control programmes on the river systems.
- 2 Treat Japanese Knotweed and Giant Hogweed on Council owned land.
- **3** Continue control of sea buckthorn at Bo'ness.
- **4** Encourage the treatment of Japanese knotweed and giant hogweed on privately owned land.
- **5** Assess the scale of Himalayan balsam and Rhododendron Ponticum growth in Wildlife sites and SINCs (focusing initially on council owned sites). Identify sites where control of these species would be feasible.
- **6** Continue mink monitoring and control on the River Avon.
- **7** Provide and update information about invasive non-native species on the Council website.

- 8 Identify the most likely new invasive non-native species that might spread to this area. Highlight these to those people best placed to spot and report their presence quickly.
- **9** Promote national awareness campaigns such as 'plant wise' and 'check, clean, dry'.
- **10** Encourage reporting of invasive non-native species by volunteer path wardens and other volunteer groups.
- 11 Promote the control of invasive non-native species which currently occur in relatively few locations but which have a high risk of becoming widespread and more costly to control in the future.
- **12** Do a pilot project to control Himalayan Balsam on one tributary or small burn.

What we should do if we get a chance

As well as the above projects, it would be beneficial to do the following projects if resources become available.

- 1 Contact other relevant landowners (Scottish Water, Network Rail, Amey etc...) to encourage control of invasive non-native species.
- **2** Undertake control of Himalayan Balsam at several sites.
- **3** Undertake control of Rhododendron Ponticum at several sites.
- **4** Gradually replace the Sea Buckthorn along the foreshore at Bo'ness with more suitable species.

Who can help?

The following groups are likely to be important in getting these projects done:

Communities Along The Carron Association

Falkirk Community Trust

Falkirk Council

Falkirk Invasive Species Forum

Friends of Kinneil (Kinneil Foreshore Management Group)

Larbert and Stenhousemuir Angling Club

River Avon Federation

Forth Rivers Trust

Slamannan Angling and Protective Association

...but other groups and individuals can also help.

project summary Tables

Estuary Action Plan

Project 1

Agree and implement a long term management plan for Kinneil Lagoons.

Target habitat(s) Saline lagoons

Target species Estuarine birds

Potential delivery partners

Falkirk Council, RSPB, SNH

Project 2

Ensure restoration of Kinneil Landfill includes wildlife benefits.

Target habitat(s) Estuary

Target species Estuarine birds

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, RSPB. **Buglife**

Project 3

Undertake further green network enhancement & management around the harbour area at Bo'ness and Grangepans (linking to Bridgeness and Kinneil Foreshore).

Target habitat(s) Estuary, mudflats **Target species** Estuarine birds

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Friends of Kinneil (foreshore aroup)

Project 4

Deliver environmental enhancements as part of the Grangemouth flood prevention scheme, potentially including compensatory habitat for SPA species.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, saltmarsh, mudflats

Target species Estuarine birds

Potential delivery partners Falkirk Council, SEPA, SNH

Project 5

Produce and implement a management plan for Bothkennar Pools Site of Special Scientific Interest.

Target habitat(s) Saline lagoons.

Target species

Potential delivery Estuarine birds partners⁵

Falkirk Council, RSPB, SNH

Project 6

saltmarsh

Do at least one beach clean / litter pick per year.

Target habitat(s) Estuary

Target species Estuarine birds, mammals and fish **Potential delivery** nartners* Falkirk Council

Project 7

Deliver appropriate management and enhancement of the island and shoreline at Kinneil Foreshore Local Nature Reserve.

Target habitat(s) Estuary

Target species Estuarine birds

Potential delivery partners*

Friends of Kinneil (foreshore group), Falkirk Council

Project 8

Monitor the use of the tern rafts at Bothkennar, doing maintenance as necessary and assessing the need for additional rafts if the original ones are used.

Target habitat(s) Saline lagoons

Target species Common tern (and other estuarine birds)

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, RSPB,

Project 9

Take opportunities to raise awareness of the Firth of Forth Special Protection Area amongst local communities, landowners and businesses; highlighting its positive benefits as well as the protection it has.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, saline lagoon, saltmarsh, mudflat

Target species Estuarine birds, fish and mammals

Potential delivery partners* SNH, Falkirk Council, **RSPB**

Project 10

Promote responsible recreation and dog walking along the foreshore, to minimise disturbance to the SPA bird species.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Estuarine birds **Potential delivery** partners* Falkirk Council

Project 11

Ensure bird data gathered for the Grangemouth Flood Protection Scheme is made available for use by others.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, Saltmarsh, Mudflats, Saline lagoons

Target species Estuarine birds **Potential delivery** partners* Falkirk Council

Project 12

Support the development and implementation of the Inner Forth Futures Project.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, Saltmarsh, Mudflats, Saline

lagoons

Target species All estuarine species

partners* RSPB, Falkirk Council, CSGNT, Buglife, SNH.

Potential delivery

Farmland and Grassland Action Plan

Project 1

Continue the Barn owl nest box project - relocating unused boxes and doing habitat enhancement at box sites.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Barn owl Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group

Project 2

Review Falkirk Council's open-space maintenance regimes. Work with Falkirk Council to establish a range of grass cutting options (including some of increased benefit to wildlife) - supported by appropriate machinery, training and awareness raising.

Target habitat(s) Neutral grassland (meadow), urban greenspace Target species
Pollinating insects,
urban wildlife species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 3

Do appropriate grassland management at all council owned Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation and Wildlife Sites.

Target habitat(s)

Neutral grassland (meadow), lowland acidic grassland **Target species**

Pollinating insects, grassland species

Potential delivery partners*
Falkirk Council

Project 4

Continue the Falkirk pollinator project (creating or enhancing several pollinator parks, John Muir pollinator way sites, or other sites for pollinators annually).

Target habitat(s)

Neutral grassland (meadow)

Target species

Pollinating insects

partners*
Buglife, Central
Scotland Green
network Trust, Falkirk
Council

Potential delivery

Project 5

Promote the creation of pollinator habitat through awareness raising and training activities associated with the pollinator project.

Target habitat(s)

Neutral grassland (meadow), gardens, urban greenspace Target species

Pollinating insects

Potential delivery partners* Buglife, Falkirk Council, CSGNT

Project 6

Tree sparrow project - work to restore the number of tree sparrows using the Bo'mains site, including nest box cleaning and habitat improvement.

Target habitat(s)

Neutral grassland (meadow), boundary features Target species

Tree sparrows

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group, SWT

Project 7

Kestrel nest box project - erect kestrel nest boxes alongside existing roost boxes and monitor their use.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Kestrel Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group

Project 8

Management and monitoring of the butterfly orchid site and meadow at Muiravonside Country Park.

Target habitat(s)

Neutral grassland, meadow Target species

Butterfly orchid

Potential delivery

Falkirk Community Trust

Project 9

A hedgerow project - establishing species-rich native hedges where they can provide habitat corridors between existing sites of value for wildlife.

Target habitat(s)

Boundary features (species-rich hedgerow)

Target species

bats, hedgerow birds, hedgerow plants Potential delivery partners*
Falkirk Council

Project 10

Continue the enhancement of Policy Bing, Lionthorn to deliver benefits for wildlife and local people.

Target habitat(s)

Neutral grassland (meadow), urban greenspace Target species

Pollinating insects, kestrel, bats, passerine birds, oxeye daisy. Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT, Buglife

Heath and Bog Action Plan

Project 1

Falkirk Bog Restoration Project - implement practical restoration on at least 10 sites.

Target habitat(s) Raised bogs Target species
All bog species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Bog Restoration Project Partnership members, Buglife, Forestry Commission

Project 2

Encourage or put in place appropriate management of Wildlife Sites and SINCs that support heath habitat.

Target habitat(s)
Lowland heath

Target species
All heath species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 3

Provide advice to landowners of heath and bog sites (covering both habitat and species management).

Target habitat(s)
Lowland heath, bog

Target species
All heath & bog species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Buglife, Froglife, Butterfly Conservation

Project 4

Undertake a Large Heath butterfly survey at suitable sites.

Target habitat(s)

Target species
Large heath butterfly

Potential delivery partners* Butterfly Conservation, TWIC, Buglife, Falkirk Council

Project 5

Quantify current peat use by Falkirk Council and, if necessary, work to stop the purchase of peat or products made/grown using peat.

Target habitat(s)
Raised bog

Target species Large heath butterfly, sundew, bog species Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 6

Ensure the protection of peat habitats through the planning process.

Target habitat(s)
Raised bog

Target species bog species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Proiect 7

Survey or resurvey known or possible small pearl-bordered fritillary sites.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Small pearl-bordered fritillary Potential delivery partners* Butterfly Conservation, TWIC, Buglife, Falkirk Council

Water and Wetland Action Plan

Project 1

Do a 'health check' survey of the River Carron, identifying further conservation and enhancement projects for the river.

Target habitat(s)
Rivers & streams

Target species
All river species

Potential delivery partners*

Communities Along the Carron, Forth Rivers Trust, Falkirk Council, Angling club

Project 2

Develop a project to engage local people in mapping, surveying creating, enhancing and looking after ponds for wildlife.

Target habitat(s)
Standing open water
(ponds)

Target species
Amphibians

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Froglife

Project 3

Enhance the Culloch Burn at the Rumlie, Slamannan.

Target habitat(s)
Rivers and streams

Target species
Salmon, sea trout, eel,
lamprey

Potential delivery partners*

CSGNT, Falkirk Council, Forth Rivers Trust

Project 4

Deliver environmental enhancements as part of the Grangemouth flood prevention scheme.

Target habitat(s)
Rivers and streams

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 5

Undertake the Upper Avon Enhancement Project to enhance the upper reaches of the River Avon - aiming to improve its current 'bad' classification.

Target habitat(s)
Rivers and streams

Target species
Salmon, sea trout, eel,
lamprey

Potential delivery partners*

Forth Rivers Trust, River Avon Federation, Slamannan Angling & Protective Association, SEPA

Project 6

(ponds)

Protect and monitor known great crested newt sites.

Target habitat(s)
Standing open water

Target species
Great crested newt

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Falkirk Community Trust, Falkirk Conservation Volunteers Group, Froglife, Echoes Ecology

Project 7

Identify sites for pond creation and enhancement to link existing great crested newt sites. Create at least one new pond.

Tarnet habitat(s) Standing open water **Target species** Great crested newt, amphibians

Potential delivery nartners* Falkirk Council

Project 8

(ponds)

Enhance the Carron Lade, creating areas of open water.

Target habitat(s) Standing open water,

urban wildlife corridors

Target species Amphibians, wetland species

Potential delivery nartners*

Falkirk Council, CATCA

Project 9

Continue habitat management and community engagement at Carron Dams Local Nature Reserve.

Target habitat(s)

Fen, marsh and swamp, standing open water, brownfield habitat

Target species

species

Amphibians, wetland

Potential delivery partners*

Carron Dams Management Group, SWT, Falkirk Council, SNH

Project 10

Deliver a Mud Snail Project (focused on the known site in the Falkirk area) to protect the site, create suitable habitat nearby, breed & release mud snails, and raise awareness of the species.

Target habitat(s) Standing open water Target species

Mud snail

Potential delivery partners*

Buglife, Landowner

Project 11

Survey areas of suitable water vole habitat close to known or suspected water vole sites. Assess the need for habitat enhancement and mink control where water voles are found.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams

Target species Water vole

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, River Avon Federation, SAPA

Project 12

Continue the 'Fish in the Classroom' project

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Rivers and streams Salmon, sea trout **Potential delivery** partners*

Forth Rivers Trust. SAPA, River Avon Federation, CATCA

Project 13

Create and maintain a sand martin bank at Avonglen Quarry and encourage maintenance of the nest sites at Avondale.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace, open mosaic habitat **Target species**

Sand martin

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 14

Ensure the creation of new riparian parkland in association with development at Banknock South, Gilston & Cauldhame Farm.

Tarnet habitat(s) Rivers and streams, urban greenspace

Target species

Potential delivery partners⁴

Falkirk Council, house

builders

Project 15

Encourage river restoration and opportunities to open up culverted watercourses through the Development Management process.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams

Target species Aquatic species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 16

Promote well designed SUDs features in new developments to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Rivers and streams

Aquatic invertebrates, Falkirk Council, SEPA amphibians and plants

Woodland Action Plan

Project 1

Enhance existing woodlands to improve their value for wildlife - focusing on council owned woodlands, community woodlands and Wildlife Sites.

Target habitat(s)

Broadleaved and mixed All woodland species woodland

Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT, Community woodland groups, Plantlife

Project 2

A pine marten project - surveying and monitoring populations, engaging with landowners and providing suitable habitat and den areas.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Broadleaved and mixed Pine marten

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, SWT, landowners, camera trapping volunteers

Project 3

woodland

Provide guidance to owners of woodland Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation, about enhancing woodlands for wildlife.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Broadleaved and mixed All woodland species woodland

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT

Project 4

Produce a long term plan for the Council's woodland estate, ensuring that the programme of management and woodland expansion includes measures to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Broadleaved and mixed All woodland species woodland

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT, **Forestry Commission**

Project 5

Plant native bluebells at a minimum of 10 suitable woodland locations (ensuring that no Spanish or hybrid bluebells are also present).

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Broadleaved and mixed Bluebell woodland

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, community woodland groups, CSGNT

Project 6

Survey or resurvey known or possible small pearl-bordered fritillary sites.

Target habitat(s)

Broadleaved and mixed woodland, heath and bog

Target species

Small pearl-bordered fritillary

Potential delivery partners*

Butterfly conservation, TWIC, Falkirk Council, CSGNT

Project 7

Use the integrated habitat network study to identify key areas for woodland management and expansion.

Target habitat(s)

woodland

Broadleaved and mixed Woodland species

Target species

Potential delivery nartners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT, **Forestry Commission**

Urban Action Plan

Project 1

Help schools to enhance their orchards and growing spaces for wildlife.

Tarnet habitat(s) Urban greenspace, Target species Garden wildlife species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Forth Environment Link, CSGNT

Project 2

gardens

Promote wildlife enhancements at community growing sites.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace, gardens

Target species Garden wildlife species Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Forth Environment Link, **CSGNT**

Project 3

Assess wildlife enhancement opportunities at council managed cemeteries and graveyards - implement a wildlife project at at least one site.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace **Target species**

Potential delivery nartners* Falkirk Council

Project 4

Continue to manage and enhance all brownfield Wildlife Sites and Garibaldi Bing.

Target habitat(s) Open mosaic habitat on previously developed

Target species Brownfield species, invertebrates

Potential delivery partners*

Buglife, Falkirk Council

Project 5

land

Create and maintain a sand martin bank at Avonglen Quarry and encourage maintenance of the nest sites at Avondale.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace, open mosaic habitat

Target species Sand martin

Potential delivery nartners* Falkirk Council

Project 6

Develop a project to promote wildlife gardening (making links to community growing, school gardens and existing wildlife gardening campaigns).

Target habitat(s) Gardens, urban greenspace

Target species Garden wildlife species

Potential delivery partners*

Jupiter Centre (SWT). Forth Environment Link. Falkirk Council, CSGNT

Project 7

Monitor the helleborine orchids at Almond Bing and undertake management if required.

Target habitat(s) Broadleaved and mixed woodland, open mosaic habitat

Target species Helleborine orchids **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk Council, Plantlife

Project 8

Create new 'Pollinator Parks' and 'John Muir Pollinator Way' sites, aiming to do at least two sites per year.

Tarnet habitat(s) Urban greenspace, meadow

Target species Pollinating insects Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Buglife, **CSGNT**

Project 9

Continue to support the local management groups for the 3 Local Nature Reserves and promote enhancement projects at each

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace **Target species**

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council

Project 10

Promote appropriate management of urban Wildlife Sites and Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation. Ensure all council owned sites are under appropriate management.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace, urban wildlife corridors **Target species**

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 11

Provide appropriate training to planners and other council staff as required

Target habitat(s) ΑII

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 12

Create a new semi natural area in Zetland Park and provide new semi natural parkland in Whitecross to meet deficiencies identified within the Open Space Strategy.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Friends of Zetland Park, Froglife

Project 13

Promote high quality design and maintenance of openspace secured through development, to benefit wildlife. Including maximising native plant diversity in new planting schemes.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Plantlife Scotland

Project 14

Renew and update relevant Local Development Plan polices and supplementary guidance to protect and benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s) All habitats

Target species All species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council

Prepare supplementary guidance on Green Infrastructure, promoting careful design and location to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council

Bean Goose Action Plan

Project 1

Continue the annual monitoring of the bean goose flock, including roost counts.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Potential delivery Bean Goose

partners* Bean Goose Action

Group

Project 2

Continue the project to track the local and migratory movement of individual geese via GPS tagging.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 3

Protect the bean goose flock from damaging development through the planning process.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 4

Ensure that provision and promotion of countryside access does not cause disturbance to the bean goose flock.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 5

Take opportunities to enhance bean goose habitat as part of raised bog restoration projects taking place on the Slamannan plateau.

Target habitat(s)

Heath and bog

Target species Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 6

Review the Bean Goose management scheme and promote a revised or new scheme as soon as possible.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 7

Produce a research and monitoring plan to prioritise research and monitoring needs and opportunities.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 8

Highlight the work of the Bean Goose Action Group to similar groups and statutory nature conservation agencies within the Bean Goose range.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 9

Develop contacts with universities, research units and other organisations/individuals with an interest in bean geese.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action

Group

Project 10

Develop an education programme with local primary schools.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action

Group

Project 11

Maintain, develop and manage the bean goose website.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Bean Goose

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Connecting People & Wildlife Action Plan

Project 1

Hold a Biodiversity Partnership event annually.

Target habitat(s)
All

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 2

Help schools to enhance their orchards and growing spaces for wildlife.

Target habitat(s)
Urban greenspace,

Target species
Garden wildife species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Forth Environment Link,

CSGNT

Project 3

gardens

Maps & Apps project - use interactive mapping, social media and apps to help people discover local wildlife and wild places and to get involved with biological recording and volunteering.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 4

Continue the 'Fish in the classroom' programme

Target habitat(s)
Rivers and streams

Target species Salmon, sea trout, lamprey, eel Potential delivery partners*

Forth Rivers Trust, SAPA, River Avon Federation, CATCA

Project 5

Develop the Wildlife Camera Trap project to enable more groups to get involved in camera trapping in additional areas.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, camera trapping volunteers, TWIC

Project 6

Encourage biological recording and citizen science - promote one public recording initiative per year, with appropriate training and publicity. (Linked to other projects such as garden wildlife, ponds. swifts. bluebells etc.).

Target habitat(s)
All

Target species

All

Potential delivery partners*

TWIC, Falkirk Council

Project 7

Wildlife gardening promotion (with links to community growing)

Target habitat(s)

Gardens

Target species
Garden wildife species

Potential delivery partners*

Jupiter centre (SWT, Falkirk Council, Forth Environment Link, CSGNT

Project 8

Produce the 'Life' Newsletter annually

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 9

Support the Falkirk Wildlife Volunteer Group to provide volunteering opportunities and help deliver wildlife projects.

Target habitat(s)
All

Target species All Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, FWVG

Project 10

Pollinator patch project - to encourage people to plant for pollinators.

Target habitat(s)
Neutral grassland,
urban greenspace

Target species
Pollinating insects

Potential delivery partners*

Buglife, Falkirk Council, CSGNT, Jupiter centre (SWT)

(SW

Project 11

Support re-establishment of the buglife volunteers group.

Target habitat(s)
Neutral grassland,
open mosaic habitat

Target species
Invertebrates

Potential delivery partners*
Buglife

Project 12

Use the Falkirkexplored Facebook page to promote local wildlife and opportunities to get involved.

Target habitat(s)

Target species All Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 13

Provide training and awareness raising on wildlife issues to Council members and staff as required.

Target habitat(s)
All

Target species
All

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 14

Promote relevant environmental education resources to schools and other local groups (e.g. the RSPB's Forth estuary resource boxes).

Target habitat(s)
All habitats

Target species
All species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, RSPB, CSGNT,

Project 15

Develop an online volunteering hub to help people find local opportunities for environmental volunteering.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council,

Invasive Non-native Species Action Plan

Project 1

Continue Japanese Knotweed (and giant hogweed) control programmes on the river systems.

Tarnet habitat(s) Rivers and streams Target species Invasive species **Potential delivery** partners*

Forth Rivers Trust, River Avon Federation, CATCA, Falkirk Council, Angling clubs

Project 2

Treat Japanese Knotweed and Giant Hogweed on Council owned land.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace Target species Invasive species **Potential delivery** partners* Falkirk Council

Project 3

Continue control of sea buckthorn at Bo'ness.

Target habitat(s) Neutral grassland (meadow), estuary **Target species**

Invasive species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Friends

of Kinneil (foreshore group)

Project 4

Encourage the treatment of Japanese knotweed and giant hogweed on privately owned land.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Invasive species **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk Invasive Species Forum members

Project 5

Assess the scale of Himalayan balsam and Rhododendron Ponticum growth in Wildlife sites and SINCs (focusing initially on council owned sites). Identify sites where control of these species would be feasible.

Target habitat(s)

Urban greenspace, rivers and streams, woodland

Target species

Invasive species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Falkirk **Invasive Species Forum** members

Project 6

Continue mink monitoring and control on the River Avon.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams **Target species**

Mink

Potential delivery partners*

River Avon Federation, Slamannan Angling and Protective Association, Forth Rivers Trust

Project 7

Provide and update information about invasive non-native species on the Council website.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Invasvie species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 8

Identify the most likely new invasive non-native species that might spread to this area. Highlight these to those people best placed to spot and report their presence quickly.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Invasive species **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk Invasive Species Forum

Project 9

Promote national awareness campaigns such as 'plant wise' and 'check, clean, dry'.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Invasive species **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk Invasive Species Forum

Project 10

Encourage reporting of invasive non-native species by volunteer path wardens and other volunteer groups.

Target habitat(s)

Target species

Invasive species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Invasive Species Forum

Project 11

Promote the control of invasive non-native species which currently occur in relatively few locations but which have a high risk of becoming widespread and more costly to control in the future.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Invasive species **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk invasive species forum

Project 12

Do a pilot project to control Himalayan Balsam on one tributary or small burn.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams Target species

Invasive species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk invasive species

* This section gives an indication of the organisation(s) likely to be involved in delivering each action. However it will be added to or altered during consultation and as the projects develop.

aspirational project summary tables

Estuary Action Plan

Project 1

Promote biological recording at important estuary sites.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, mudflats, saline lagoons, saltmarsh

Target species Estuarine species **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk Council, Inner Forth Futures

Project 2

Monitor invasive species in estuarine habitats and take action to control them.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, mudflats, saline lagoons, saltmarsh

Target species Estuarine species **Potential delivery** partners* Falkirk Council, Forth **Rivers Trust**

Project 3

Promote monitoring of nurdles (and other plastics) along the shoreline, with associated awareness raising campaigns and litter picks.

Target habitat(s) Estuary, mudflats, saltmarsh

Target species Estuarine species

Potential delivery partners*

Project 4

Reduce the use of disposable/one-use plastics within Falkirk Council and other partner organisations, to help combat marine pollution by plastics.

Target habitat(s) Estuary

Target species Estuarine species **Potential delivery** partners* Falkirk Council

Farmland & Grassland Action Plan

Project 1

Farm ponds & wetlands project -creating a network of farmland ponds and wetlands.

Target habitat(s) Ponds (standing water)

Target species Amphibians

Potential delivery partners*

Project 2

A pilot project to safeguard and enhance wildlife road verges, including provision of advice on road verge management to

Target habitat(s) Neutral Grassland, lowland acidic grassland, boundary features

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Plantlife Scotland

Project 3

Monitor, influence and promote agri-environment schemes where possible.

Target habitat(s) Grassland, heath, bog, boundary features, standing water, fen, marsh and swamp, woodland

Potential delivery Target species

partners*

Project 4

Identify previously recorded Whorled caraway, Annual knawel, Purple ramping-fumitory and Moonwort sites and survey to see if the plants are still present.

Target habitat(s)

Target species Whorled caraway, Annual knawel, Purple ramping fumitory, Moonwort

Potential delivery partners*

Plantlife Scotland

Project 5

Promote work on golf courses to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s) Grassland, boundary features, woodland, standing water, fen, marsh and swamp.

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 6

Review the condition of non-council owned grassland SINCs and Wildlife Sites and promote beneficial management where possible.

Target habitat(s) Neutral grassland, Acidic lowland grassland.

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Heath & Bog Action Plan

Project 1

Monitor the use of Letham moss and Gardrum Moss to identify opportunities for restoration and enhancement if possible.

Target habitat(s) Raised bog

Target species Bog species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 2

Do reptile surveys at appropriate bog and heath sites, and identify any actions needed to protect or benefit reptiles.

Target habitat(s) Heath and bog

Target species Reptiles (adder, slow worm and lizard)

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Buglife

Project 3

Explore potential for enhancement at Dunmore Moss by trying to make contact with the landowner.

Target habitat(s) Raised bog

Target species Bog species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 4

Extend the action to cease peat use to other partner organisations, as appropriate.

Target habitat(s) Raised bog

Target species Bog species

Potential delivery partners*

Project 5

Establish the historical location(s) of Lepidozia pearsonii and survey to determine if it is still present.

Target habitat(s) Heath and bog

Target species Lepidozia pearsonii **Potential delivery** partners* Plantlife Scotland

Water & wetlands Action Plan

Project 1

Riparian tree planting project (identify opportunities for riparian tree planting and implement tree planting projects).

Tarnet habitat(s) Rivers & streams,

woodland

Target species

Woodland and aquatic species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, Forth Rivers Trust

Project 2

Explore natural flood management opportunities.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams.

Target species Woodland and aquatic species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Forth

Rivers Trust

Project 3

woodland

Identify any particularly poor quality burns (especially within the urban area) and develop enhancement projects.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams **Target species** Aquatic species **Potential delivery** partners*

Falkirk Council, SEPA

Project 4

Develop a project to de-channelise the Culloch Burn through Slamannan, delivering channel enhancement and natural flood management benefits.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams **Target species**

Potential delivery Salmon, sea trout partners*

Falkirk Council, Forth Rivers Trust, SEPA

Project 5

Do a de-culverting project, should an appropriate opportunity arise. Use this as a demonstration site to promote other local de-culverting projects.

Target habitat(s) Rivers and streams

Target species All river and stream species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Woodland Action Plan

Project 1

Veteran trees project: Identification of our most valued veteran trees. Followed by wildlife surveys of the trees and planting of 'veteran trees of the future' nearby.

Target habitat(s) Parkland, woodland Target species

Potential delivery nartners* Falkirk Council

Project 2

Try to identify the historical location(s) of plagiochilia spinulosa and hay-scented buckler fern and survey to see if it they are still

Target habitat(s)

Woodland

Target species Plagiochila spinulosa, hayscented buckler fern

Potential delivery partners*

Plantlife Scotland

Project 3

Do bat box schemes at at least 5 suitable sites (including provision of materials and support for community groups to make and erect boxes).

Target habitat(s)

Target species Bats

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Urban Action Plan

Project 1

Develop a House sparrow nest box project

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace

Target species House sparrow

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 2

Do a pilot project to manage road verges, roundabouts etc. to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s) Neutral Grassland, lowland acidic grassland,

Target species Pollinating insects **Potential delivery** partners* Plantlife Scotland

boundary features

Project 3

Improve greenspace in housing association and council housing areas to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace

Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT

Project 4

Provide a section in Council building maintenance manuals covering wildlife opportunities and protection.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council

Project 5

Assess the potential for green roofs on council buildings as buildings come up for maintenance review.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace, grassland, Open mosaic **Target species**

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

habitat

Project 6

Develop a Rain Gardens project.

Target habitat(s) Urban greespace, gardens Target species

Potential delivery partners*

CSGNT

Project 7

Do surveys for swifts in known or suspected nesting areas and promote pubic reporting of sightings.

Target habitat(s) Urban greenspace

Target species Swifts

Potential delivery partners*

Project 8

Promote work on golf courses to benefit wildlife.

Target habitat(s) Grassland, boundary features, woodland,

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

standing water, fen, marsh and swamp.

Project 9

Do bat box schemes at at least 5 suitable sites (including provision of materials and support for community groups to make and erect boxes).

Target habitat(s)

Target species Bats

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Bean Goose Plan

Project 1

Influence forthcoming agri-environment schemes to try to ensure that they deliver beneficial outcomes for the bean goose flock and support landowners with fields used by the bean geese.

Target habitat(s)
Neutral grassland,
heath and bogs

Target species
Bean geese

Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

Project 2

Secure funding for a research trip to the Bean Goose breeding grounds by one or more of the monitoring officer(s).

Target habitat(s)

Target species Bean geese Potential delivery partners*

Bean Goose Action Group

People & Wildlife Plan

Project 1

Promote outdoor/wild play and discovery, signposting a number of key wild play sites or opportunities and holding several wild play/discovery events. (Potentially focused along the John Muir Way.)

Target habitat(s)
Urban greenspace

Target species

Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council, CSGNT

Project 2

Develop a network of Outdoor Learning Sites around the Council area.

Target habitat(s)
Urban greenspace

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 3

'Summer of...' project: Promoting a different habitat or group of species each summer.

Target habitat(s)
All

Target species All Potential delivery partners*

Falkirk Council

Invasive Non-native Species Plan

Project 1

Contact other relevant landowners (Scottish Water, Network Rail, Amey etc...) to encourage control of invasive non-native species

Target habitat(s)

Target species
Invasive species

Potential delivery partners*
Falkirk Invasive

Species Forum

Project 2

Undertake control of Himalayan Balsam at several sites.

Target habitat(s)

Target species
Invasive species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, Forth Rivers Trust

Project 3

Undertake control of Rhododendron Ponticum at several sites.

Target habitat(s)
Woodland

Target species
Invasive species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council

Project 4

Gradually replace the Sea Buckthorn along the foreshore at Bo'ness with more suitable species.

Target habitat(s)
Neutral grassland,
meadow, estuary

Target species

Potential delivery partners* Falkirk Council, TCV

* This section will give an indication of the organisation(s) likely to be involved in delivering each action. It will be added to as specific projects develop.

priority Habitat list

Estuary

Local Priority Habitat

Estuary Mudflats

Saline Lagoons Saltmarsh

UK priority habitats included

Intertidal mudflats Saline lagoons Coastal saltmarsh

Farmland and Grassland

Local Priority Habitat

Arable

Boundary Features

Lowland, dry, acidic grassland

Neutral Grassland

UK priority habitats included

Arable Field Margins

Hedgerows

Lowland Dry Acid Grassland Coastal and Floodplain Grazing

Marsh

Heath and Bog

Local Priority Habitat

Heath

Lowland raised and intermediate bogs

UK priority habitats included Lowland Heathland Upland Heathland Lowland Raised Bog

Inland water and wetland

Local Priority Habitat

Fen, marsh and swamp

Rivers and Streams

UK priority habitats included

Lowland Fens

Reedbeds

Upland Flushes, Fens and

Swamps Rivers

Standing open water

Eutrophic Standing Waters

Ponds

Urban

Local Priority Habitat

Open mosaic habitat on previously developed land (including Bings)

Gardens

Urban Greenspace Urban wildlife corridors **UK** priority habitats included

Open Mosaic Habitats on **Previously Developed Land**

Woodland

Local Priority Habitat

Broadleaved and mixed

woodland

UK priority habitats included **Lowland Mixed Deciduous** Woodland

Upland Mixed Ashwoods Upland Oakwood

Wood pasture and parkland

Wet Woodland Wood-Pasture & Parkland



priority species list

This list shows the local priority species for the Falkirk area and the main Habitat Plan(s) they are associated with.

Mammals

Common name	Action Plan(s)	Species status*		
Brown hare	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
	Woodland / Urban	UK	S	
	Inland water & wetland	UK	S	
Hedgehog	Urban / Woodland	UK		
Pine Marten	Woodland	UK	S	
Soprano Pipistrelle bat	Woodland / Urban	UK	S	
Water vole	Inland water & wetlands	UK	S	

Birds

Common name	Action Plan(s)	Spec	Species status*	
Barn owl	Farmland & grassland		S	
Bean goose	Farmland & grassland		S	
Black grouse	Heath & bog	UK	S	
Black-tailed godwit	Estuary	UK	S	
Bullfinch	Woodland	UK	S	
Common tern	Estuary		S	
Cuckoo	Woodland	UK		
Curlew	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Dipper	Inland water & wetland			
Dunlin	Estuary		S	
Golden Plover	Estuary		S	
Grasshopper warbler	Farmland & grassland / Heath & bog	UK		
Great crested grebe	Estuary			
Green woodpecker	Woodland			
Grey partridge	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Greylag goose	Estuary			
Hen harrier	Heath & bog		S	
House Sparrow	Urban	UK		

	Urban / Farmland &			
Kestrel	grassland		S	
Kingfisher	Inland water & wetland		S	
Knot	Estuary			
Lapwing	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Lesser redpoll	Woodland	UK		
Linnet	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Merlin	Heath & bog		S	
Pink-footed goose	Estuary			
Pintail	Estuary			
Red-breasted merganser	Estuary			
Redshank	Estuary			
Reed bunting	Inland water & wetland	UK	S	
Sand martin	Urban / Inland water & wetland			
Sedge warbler	Inland water & wetland			
Shelduck	Estuary			
Short-eared owl	Heath & bog		S	
Skylark	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Snipe	Farmland & grassland / Heath & bog			
Song thrush	Urban / Woodland	UK	S	
Spotted flycatcher	Woodland	UK	S	
Starling	Urban / Woodland	UK		
Swallow	Farmland & grassland			
Swift	Urban		S	
Teal	Estuary			
Tree pipit	Woodland	UK		
Tree sparrow	Farmland & grassland	UK		
Twite	Heath & bog	UK		
Water rail	Inland water & wetland			
Wood warbler	Woodland	UK	S	
Woodcock	Woodland		S	
Yellowhammer	Farmland & grassland	UK		

Amphibians, reptiles and fish

Common name	Action Plan(s)	Spec	Species status*	
Common frog	Inland water & wetland			
Common toad	Inland water & wetland	UK		
Great crested newt	Inland water & wetland	UK	S	
Palmate newt	Inland water & wetland			
Smooth newt	Inland water & wetland			
Adder	Heath & bog	UK		
Common Lizard	Heath & bog	UK		
Slow worm	Heath & bog	UK		
Atlantic salmon	Inland water & wetland	UK	S	
Brook lamprey	Inland water & wetland		S	
European Eel	Inland water & wetland	UK		
River lamprey	Inland water & wetland	UK	S	
Sea/Brown trout	Inland water & wetland	UK		
Sparling (smelt)	Estuary	UK	S	
Twaite shad	Estuary	UK	S	

Invertebrates

Common name	Action Plan(s)	Species status*		
Small pearl-bordered fritillary	Woodland	UK		
Green hairstreak butterfly	Heath & bog			
Large heath butterfly	Heath & bog	UK		
A Mud snail	Inland water & wetland	UK	S	
Common blue butterfly	Farmland & grassland			
Swordgrass moth	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	

Flowering Plants

Common name	Action Plan(s)	Snec	ies st	atus*
				utus
Annual Knawel	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Bennett's pondweed	Inland water & wetland			
Bluebell	Woodland		S	
Dune helleborine	Urban			
Field scabious	Farmland & grassland			I
Grass of Parnassus	Inland water & wetland			
Greater butterfly orchid	Farmland & grassland		S	
Harebell	Farmland & grassland		S	
lvy-leaved water crowfoot	Inland water & wetland			
Lesser Butterfly Orchid	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Ox-eye daisy	Urban / Farmland & grassland			1
Purple ramping fumitory	Farmland & grassland	UK	S	
Ragged robin	Inland water & wetland			I
Round-leaved Sundew	Heath & bog			I
Smooth cats-ear	Farmland & grassland		S	
Tufted loosestrife	Inland water & wetland			
Whorled caraway	Farmland & grassland			
Wych elm	Woodland			
Young's helleborine	Urban			

Ferns and lower plants

Common name	Action Plan(s)	Species status*		
Hay scented buckler fern	Woodland			
A liverwort (Plagiochilia spinulosa)	Woodland			
Moonwort	Farmland & grassland			
Pillwort	Inland water & wetland		S	
A liverwort (Lepidozia pearsonii)	Heath & bog			

^{*}Species status key
UK - UKBAP priority species
S - Species on the Scottish
Biodiversity List

I - Indicator species (Used to help indicate the presence and/ or ecological health of a specific priority habitat)

